





United Nations Environment Programme, DTIE

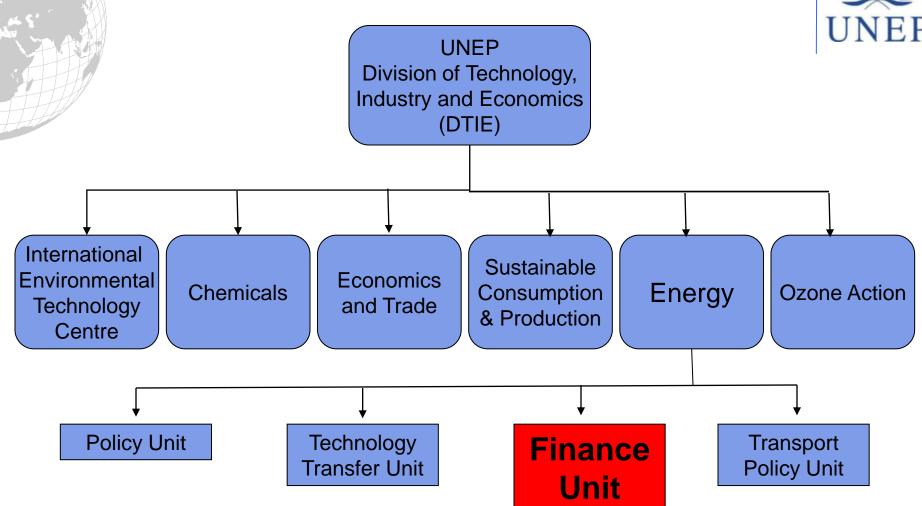
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UNEP-DTIE and the Energy Branch





Mission: To help overcome market barriers and increase investment flows to renewable energy and energy efficiency technologies





Characteristics of UNEP's Strategy

- Not being a financial institution allows UNEP to work in non-competitive ways with leaders in the banking community
- Turning the finance sector into an ally promoting clean energy by:
 - Supporting decision making, both amongst governments and financiers,
 - Implementing financial support mechanisms used to reduce the front-end barriers

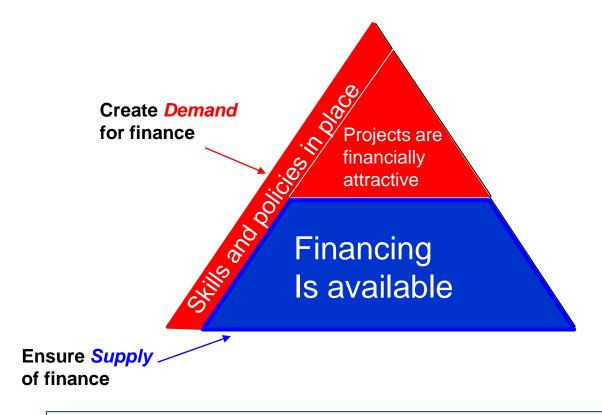






What's Needed to mobilize Scale up?

√ Rebalancing Supply and Demand





Message: Most emphasis to date has been on ensuring a supply of finance. Need to also foster the demand for this finance.





Initial Situation

Why isn't solar energy used for water heating in sunny Tunisia?

Favourable conditions

- √ High solar resource
- ✓ Strong institutions
- ✓ National priority: Energy conservation

Challenges

- Capital intensive, no financing
- Current option (LPG) heavily subsidised

UNEP Strategy

- 1. Help banks to begin financing Solar Water Heaters
- 2. Address perverse subsidy



Goal

- Develop sustainable SWH market; displace LPG use.
- ✓ Improve energy security and reduce CO₂



Main features of the Programme

1. Loans financed through local banks

- repayments made through electricity bills
- interest rates initially softened
- interest subsidy phased out after 18 months

2. Subsidy equalized between SWH and LPG

- underwritten for a trial period by Italy
 - 20% of system cost = 75\$/m² = existing gas subsidy
 - After successful trial made permanent
 - Change in Tunisian legislation





Repayment through Utility Bill

Buy CHEAP and Pay SLOWLY

- A loan mechanism over a 5-year term
- 10% down payment
- Repayment of the loan via the STEG utility bill
- Monthly payment = Energy savings

A QUICK and SIMPLIFIED Procedure

- Customer contacts the SWH supplier
- Customer fills out the application form at the SWH supplier office, presents his latest STEG bill and ID
- The installation is immediate once the application form and engagement form are signed





Discounted Interest Rates

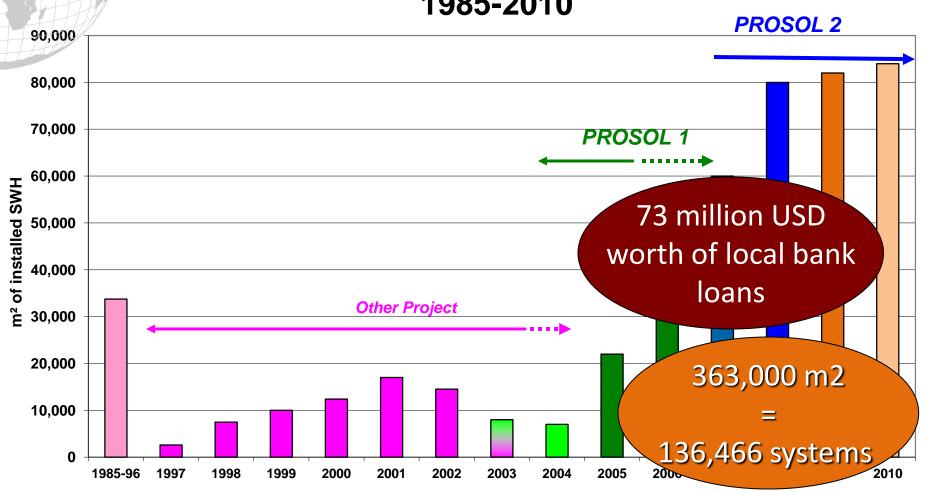
- ➤ Initial average bank consumer loans: 12 13%
- ➤ With STEG's involvement, banks provide loans to the end users by lowering the interest rates by 5-6 points because the **risk of nonpayment** is low
- ➤ UNEP further softened interest rates down to **0%**, full benefit passed on to the customer.





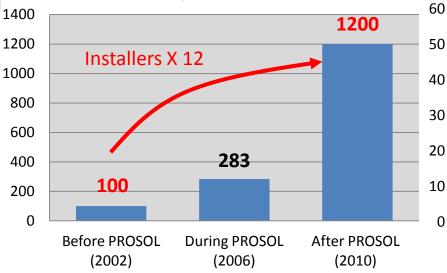
PROSOL Results

Solar Water Heaters Market Growth in Tunisia 1985-2010

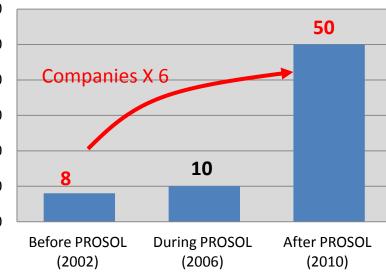


PROSOL Results: Social & Economic Impacts





Number of sale companies



- ✓ More than 3500 direct jobs were created
- ✓ A turnover of 176 million DTN (120 million \$)
 with an increase of 28% per year









> PROSOL Carbon mitigation:

PROSOL Results

- > 363,000m² SWH (136,466 installations)
- Equivalent to 705,600 tonnes of CO₂
 - Worth \$7 million at market prices
 - NB: programme cost \$2.5 million



GOVERNMENT Target 2016

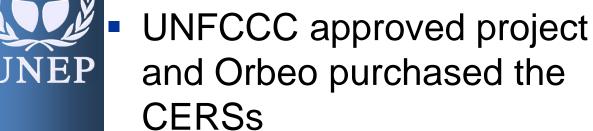
- > 1,000,000m² (~376,000 installations)
 - 1.95 million tonnes of CO₂ market value \$19.4 million
- CDM documentation prepared and project approved
 - project has been marketed to governments ORBEO purchased the green certificates through an international tender.





Key success factors in PROSOL

- Involvement of the Energy State Utility (STEG) offered security to banks
- A comprehensive communication & awareness raising campaign
- **UNEP** interest rate subsidy











Applications of UNEP's strategy:

- > Lessons learnt /1
- Technologies available; market uptake slow
- But markets scale up quickly once banks start to lend.
- Banks need help to get started Necessity for Capacity Building
 - Assessing technologies,
 - Marketing new loans,
 - Kick-starting demand (financial incentives).



Capacity Building and Communication are mandatory for the development of the solar water heating market



Applications of UNEP's strategy:

- > Lessons learnt /2
- PROSOL a driver for policy change
 - Lending gives feedback signal that technology is mature.
 - 20% capital cost subsidy for SWH was set by law
 - Decree 4/2006 reaffirmed VAT exemption and reduced custom duties for SWH



- PROSOL 2 launched in 2007 Once UNEP funds finished
 - Entirely developed by local actors,
 - Contribution to the creation of a self-sustaining, longterm market for solar water heaters



End-User Finance Programmes





Thank You

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